**Wire-Frame Method Tree Tagging Rules**

* Tag any snapped or uprooted tree that shows at least some sign of being fresh wind damage (e.g., leaves, needles, or root ball).
* Down trees should be tagged using one line segment (two points) along the length of the visible tree stem.
* When possible, start the line segment at the root ball or base of the tree stem.
* If a tree appears curved, use the longest single line segment that fits within the tree stem.
* Do not tag trees where it is clear that more than 50% of the length of the tree stem is completely obscured. For example due to being cut off by the edge of the image, or being obscured by overlying trees.
* If the middle of a tree stem is obscured by overlying trees, but 50% or more of the tree stem is still visible on either side of the obscured section when added together, draw the line segment through the obscured section of tree stem.
* Having the full TIFF or ArcGIS file open can be helpful to distinguish tree damage from non-damage, but significant bias should be avoided as the algorithm will not be using the rest of the imagery as reference.
* Quick examples:
  + - Image49994999 - not damage, no tagging
    - Image49997999 - probably damage, tag all
    - Image49995999 - unlikely damage, tag what looks fresh